Reading Guide #13:

Pixar's 22 Rules of Storytelling

1.	You admire a character for trying more than for their
2.	You gotta keep in mind what's to you as an audience, not
	what's to do as a writer. They can be very different.
3.	Trying for is important, but you won't see what the story is actually
	about til you're at the end of it. Now rewrite.
4.	Once upon a time there was Every day, One day
	Because of that, Until finally
5.	Simplify. Focus. Combine characters. Hop over detours. You'll feel like you're losing valuable
	stuff but
6.	What is your character good at, comfortable with? Throw the
	at them. Challenge them. How do they deal?
7.	Come up with your ending before you figure out your middle. Seriously.
	, get yours working up front.
8.	, let go even if it's not perfect. In an ideal world you
	have both, but move on. Do better next time.
9.	When you're stuck, make a list of what happen next. Lots of times the
	material to get you unstuck will show up.
10.	Pull apart the stories you like. What you like in them is
	you've got to recognize it before you can use it.
	Putting it on paper lets you start fixing it. If it stays in your head,
	, you'll never share it with anyone.
	Discount the 1st thing that comes to mind. And the 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th – get the
	out of the way. Surprise yourself.
	Give your characters opinions. Passive/malleable might seem likable to you as you write, but
	it's to the audience.
14.	Why must you tell THIS story? What's the belief burning within you that your story feeds off
	of? That's the of it.

15.	. If you were your character, in this situation, how would you feel?	lends
	credibility to unbelievable situations.	
16.	. What are the stakes? Give us reason to root for the character. What happens if they do	n't
	? Stack the odds against.	
17.	. No work is ever wasted. If it's not working, let go and – it'll come	back
	around to be useful later.	
18.	You have to know yourself: the difference between doing your best & fussing. Story is	
	, not refining.	
19.	. Coincidences to get characters into trouble are great; coincidences to get them out of i	t are
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20.	Exercise: take the building blocks of a movie you How d'you rear	ange
	them into what you DO like?	
21.	. You gotta identify with your/characters, can't just write 'cool'. Wh	nat
	would make YOU act that way?	
22.	. What's the of your story? Most economical telling of it? If you kno	w
	that, you can build out from there.	